## MORE SOLUTIONS: CHAPTER 4, CLASS OF JULY 20

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**Theoretical, 4.** Notice that N is integer valued. Consequently,  $P(N \ge i) = \sum_{j=i}^{\infty} P(N = j)$ . According to the hint:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \mathcal{P}(N \ge i) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \sum_{j=i}^{\infty} \mathcal{P}(N=j) = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \sum_{i=1}^{j} \mathcal{P}(N=j) \; .$$

However,  $\sum_{i=1}^{j} \mathbf{P}(N=j) = j\mathbf{P}(N=j)$ . Therefore, the sum becomes

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j \mathbf{P}(N=j) = \mathbb{E}(N) \; ,$$

with the last equality follows from the definition of the expectation.